

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SAFETY DEPARTMENT 1020 WEST PARK AVENUE P.O. BOX 9013 KOKOMO, INDIANA 46904-9013 (USA) NORTH AMERICA (NA) INFORMATION: 1-765-456-6614 EUROPE (EU) INFORMATION:

HAYNES INTERNATIONAL, INC. Corrosion-Resistant Alloys and High-Temperature Alloys

MSDS IDENTIFICATION NUMBER

011-44-161-230-7777

H2071-8

This replaces H2071-7

PREVIOUS REVISION DATE April 6, 2009

DATE REVISED August 11, 2009 **EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS**

HAYNES: 1-765-456-6894

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (24-hour contact for Health & Transportation Emergencies)

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides information on a specific group of manufactured metal products. Since these metal products share a common physical nature and constituents, the data presented are applicable to all alloys identified. This document was prepared to meet the requirements of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200, Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS), the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, and European Economic Community (EEC) Directives.

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Under normal handling and use of the solid form of this material there are few health hazards. Cutting, welding, melting, grinding, etc., of these materials will produce dust, fume, or particulate containing the component elements of these materials. Exposure to the dust, fume, or particulate may present significant health hazards which are referable to the elemental constituents in Section 3. Exposure to dust or fume may cause irritation of the eyes, skin, and respiratory tract. Fine particulates dispersed in air may present an explosion hazard.

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1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

CHEMICAL NAME: See Section 3	for Alloy Designations	CHEMICAL FAMILY: Alloy					
TRADE NAME: See Alloys listed in	n this Section	FORMULA: Alloys composed of varying concentrations of elements listed in Section 3					
HASTELLOY® B-2 alloy HASTELLOY® C-22® alloy HASTELLOY® C-22® alloy HASTELLOY® C-22HS® alloy HASTELLOY® C-276 alloy HASTELLOY® C-4 alloy HASTELLOY® C-2000® alloy HASTELLOY® HYBRID-BC1® alloy HASTELLOY® G-30® alloy	HAYNES [®] 601 alloy HAYNES [®] 690 alloy HASTELLOY [®] S alloy HASTELLOY [®] X alloy. HASTELLOY [®] W alloy HAYNES [®] HR-120 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] HR-160 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 214 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 2240 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 242 alloy HAYNES [®] 556 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 25 alloy HAYNES [®] 75 alloy HAYNES [®] 188 alloy HAYNES [®] NS-163 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] NS-163 [®] alloy	HAYNES [®] 282 [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 263 alloy HAYNES [®] 625 alloy HAYNES [®] 718 alloy HAYNES [®] R-41 alloy HAYNES [®] A-750 alloy HAYNES [®] 6-B alloy HAYNES [®] 80A alloy HAYNES [®] 80A alloy HAYNES [®] Waspaloy alloy MULTIMET [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 625SQ [®] alloy HAYNES [®] 671 alloy HAYNES [®] GTD 222 alloy HAYNES [®] 625 (Low Iron) alloy					

H2071-8 Page 1 of 15

Product Hazard Rating Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) H = Health Rating F = Flammability Rating R = Reactivity Rating

H = Health Rating	F = F	lammal	oility R
	So	lid Art	icle
Alloy	Н	F	R
HASTELLOY [®] B-2 alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] B-3 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] C-22 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] C-22HS [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] C-276 alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] C-4 alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] C-2000 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] HYBRID-BC1 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] D-205 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] G-30 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] G-50 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] G-3 alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] G-35 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] N alloy	0	0	0
ULTIMET [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 600 alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 601 alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 690 alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] S alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] X alloy	0	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] W alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] HR-120 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] HR-160 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 214 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] HR-224 TM alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 230 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 242 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 556 [®] alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 25 alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 75 alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] 188 alloy	0	0	0
HAYNES [®] NS-163 [®] alloy	0	0	0

R =	Reactiv	ity Ratin	g		
	letal Di			Me	tal Fu
Н	F	R		Н	
2*	1	3		2*	
2*	1	3		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	4	1		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	4	1		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	4	3		2*	
2*	1	1		2*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	2	2		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	2	3		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	4	3		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	3	1		3*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2*	2	3		3*	
2*	3	1		3*	
2*	4	3		2*	
2*	2	1		3*	
2* 2*	4	3		3* 3*	
2*	4	3		3*	

	Ме	tal Oxi Fume	ide			
	Н	F	R			
	2*	0	0			
	3*	0	1			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	4	3			
	3*	0	1			
	3*	0	1			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	2*	4	3			
	2*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
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	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	4	3			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	0	1			
	3*	0	0			
	3*	2	2			
	2*	4	3			
	3*	0	1			
	3*	4	3			
	3*	4	3			
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H2071-8 Page 2 of 15

Product Hazard Rating (continued) Hazardous Materials Identification System (HMIS) H = Health Rating F = Flammability Rating R = Reactivity Rating

	So	lid Art	icle	М	etal D	ust	Ме	tal Ox Fume	
Alloy	Н	F	R	Н	F	R	Н	F	R
HAYNES [®] 263 alloy	0	0	0	2*	4	3	3*	4	3
HAYNES [®] 625 alloy	0	0	0	2*	2	1	3*	0	0
HAYNES [®] 718 alloy	0	0	0	2*	2	1	3*	0	0
HAYNES [®] R-41 alloy	0	0	0	2*	4	3	3*	4	3
HAYNES [®] X-750 alloy	0	0	0	2*	1	1	3*	0	0
HAYNES [®] 6-B alloy	0	0	0	2	4	3	2*	4	3
HAYNES [®] 80A alloy	0	0	0	2*	2	1	3*	0	0
HASTELLOY [®] B alloy	0	0	0	2*	2	3	2*	0	0
HAYNES [®] Waspaloy alloy	0	0	0	2*	4	3	3*	4	3
MULTIMET [®] alloy	0	0	0	2*	3	1	3*	2	2
HAYNES [®] 625SQ [®] alloy	0	0	0	2*	2	1	3*	0	0
HAYNES [®] 617 alloy	0	0	0	2*	3	3	3*	2	2
HAYNES [®] GTD 222 alloy	0	0	0	2*	4	3	3*	4	3
HAYNES [®] 625 (Low Iron) alloy	0	0	0	2*	2	1	3*	0	0
HAYNES [®] 282 [®] alloy	0	0	0	2*	4	3	3*	4	3
HAYNES [®] 242 [®] alloy	0	0	0	2*	3	1	3*	0	0

As a solid article, all Haynes alloys are rated 0 for health, flammability, and reactivity. Metal dust may be created by grinding operations. Metal oxide fume may be created during welding, thermal cutting, or melting operations.

The flammability and reactivity hazard ratings are appropriate for large, concentrated quantities of welding fume, such as those found in a dust collector.

Summary of Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) rating numbers:

H = Health Hazard rating; 0 = minimal hazard; 1 = slight hazard; 2 = moderate hazard; 3 = serious hazard; 4 = severe hazard

F = Flammability hazard rating: 0 = minimal hazard; 1 = slight hazard; 2 = moderate hazard; 3 = serious hazard; 4 = severe hazard

R = Reactivity hazard rating: 0 = minimal hazard; 1 = slight hazard; 2 = moderate hazard; 3 = serious hazard; 4 = severe hazard

H2071-8 Page 3 of 15

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICA	ATION THE HEALTH HAZARDS INFORMATION GIVEN IN MSDS HW-7031 FOR WELDING PRODUCTS AND THERMAL SPRAY WIRE ALSO APPLY.
ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS AND	INHALATION: Inhalation of metal dust, fume, or powder may result from melting, dross handling, casting, welding, thermal cutting, grinding, crushing, or similar operations which generate airborne metal particulate during use of these materials. Inhaled particulate may irritate the respiratory tract. Excessive inhalation of aluminum, cobalt, copper, manganese, nickel, and zinc can cause respiratory irritation, cough, bronchitis, chills, "metal fume fever," and asthma-like symptoms.
ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE	INGESTION: Hand, clothing, food, and drink contact with metal dust, fume, or powder can cause ingestion of particulate during hand to mouth activities such as drinking, smoking, nail biting, etc. Ingestion of large doses may cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
EXI GOOKE	SKIN: Skin contact with these materials may cause irritation and in some sensitive individuals an allergic dermatitis when elements such as chrome, cobalt, copper, and nickel are present.
	EYES: Contact with particulate metal (dust, fume, or powder) may inflame the conjunctiva. Airborne particulate (chips, dust, or powder) is always a potential problem as well as inserting fingers into the eye socket if the hand or clothing is contaminated with metal particulate.
CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	Respiratory disease with symptoms ranging from shortness of breath and cough to permanent disability due to loss of lung function; sensitization or hypersensitivity and fibrosis or subsequent effects on the heart may be caused by excessive exposure to dust or fumes containing cobalt, nickel, titanium, and tungsten. Central nervous system depression has been identified with excessive manganese exposure. Insoluble nickel compounds and hexavalent chromium compounds have been linked to nasal, bronchial, and lung cancers. Aluminum and iron have been indicated to cause gastro-intestinal disorders and non-significant changes in the lung. Chronic health effects specific to an element(s) may be difficult to detect due to the numerous elemental constituents in these alloys.
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE	Individuals who may have had an allergic reaction or sensitivity to metals such as chromium, copper, cobalt, and nickel may encounter skin rash or dermatitis if skin contact with this product occurs. Persons with impaired pulmonary function, airway diseases and conditions such as asthma, emphysema, chronic bronchitis, etc., may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of dust or fume are inhaled. If prior damage or disease to the Neurologic (nervous), Circulatory, Hematologic (blood) or Renal (kidney) systems has occurred, proper screening or examinations should be conducted on individuals who may be exposed to further risk if handling and use of these materials cause excessive exposure.

H2071-8 Page 4 of 15

3. COMP	POSITIO	ON/INF	ORMAT	ION ON	INGRE	DIENT	S						
NOMINAL PERCENT OF	ELEMENTAL CON	NSTITUENTS FO	R THE ALLOYS SI	HOWN (HAYNES ME L CONSTITUENTS FO	TAL NUMBER, IF OR THE ALLOYS	APPLICABLE, S SHOWN (HAYNI	HOWN IN PARENT ES MEAL NUMBER,	THESIS) CAS NUMBER IF APPLICABLE.		CAS	NIOSH ¹	EXPOSURE	LIMITS (as Mg/m³) ²
Constituent(s)	B-2 Alloy N10665	B-3 Alloy N10675	C-22 Alloy N06022	C-22HS [®] Alloy (2321)	C-276 Alloy N10276	C-4 Alloy N06455	C-2000 [®] Alloy N06200	HYBRID-BC1 [®] Alloy (2362)	D-205 Alloy (2916)	NUMBER	RTECS NUMBER	OSHA PEL 3	ACGIH TLV®-TWA ⁴
Aluminum (AI)*	-	0.5 Max	-	0.5 Max	-	-	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	-	7429-90-5	BD0330000	Total Dust, as Al: 15, Respirable Dust, as Al: 5 ⁶	Oxide Fume, as Al: 10
Aluminum (AI)+ Titanium (Ti)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	see Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti
Boron (B)	-	-	-	0.005 Max	-	-	-	-	-	7440-42-8	ED7350000	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 15	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 10
Columbium (Cb) Niobium (Nb)	-	0.2 Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-03-1	None	None	None
Columbium (Cb) +Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	see Cb & Ta	see Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta
Cobalt (Co)*	1 Max	3 Max	2.5 Max	1 Max	2.5 Max	2 Max	2 Max	-	-	7440-48-4	GF8750000	Metal, Dust & Fume, as Co: 0.1	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Co: 0.02
Chromium (Cr)*	<1	1.5	22	21	16	16	23	15	20	7440-47-3	GB4200000	Metal and Insoluble Salts, as Cr: 1 (II & III) Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Cr. VI compounds, as Cr. 0.005	Metal and Cr. III compounds, as Cr. 0.5 Water-Soluble Cr VI compounds as Cr. 0.05 Insoluble Cr VI compounds, as Cr. 0.01
Copper (Cu)*	0.5 Max	0.2 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	1.6	-	2	7440-50-8	GL5325000	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1 Fume, as Cu: 0.1	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1 Fume: 0.2
Iron (Fe)	2 Max	1.5	3	2 Max	5	3 Max	3 Max	2 Max	6	7439-89-6	NO4565500	Oxide Fume: 10	Oxide Dust and Fume, as Fe: 5
Lanthanum (La)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7439-91-0	None	None	None
Manganese (Mn)*	<1	3 Max	0.5 Max	0.8 Max	1 Max	1 Max	0.5 Max	0.25	i	7439-96-5	OO9275000	Compounds & Fume, as Mn: 5 Ceiling	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Mn: 0.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	28	28.5	13	17	16	16	16	22	2.5	7439-98-7	QA4680000	Soluble Compounds and Total Dusts, as Mo: 5	Metal and Insoluble Compounds, as Mo: 10 ⁵ , 3 ⁶ Soluble Compounds, as Mo: 0.5 ⁶
Nickel (Ni)*	69	65 Min	56	61	57	65	59	62	65	7440-02-0	QR5950000	Metal, Soluble & Insoluble Compounds, as Ni: 1	Metal, Inhalable: 1.5 ⁵ Insoluble Compounds: as Ni 0.2 ⁵ Soluble Compounds: as Ni 0.1 ⁵
Silicon (Si)	0.1 Max	0.1 Max	0.08 Max	0.08 Max	0.08 Max	0.08 Max	0.08 Max	0.08 Max	5	7440-21-3	VW0400000	Total Dust: 15; Respirable Dust: 5 6	None
Tantalum (Ta)	-	0.2 Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-25-7		Metal & Oxide Dust: 5	Metal & Oxide Dust, as Ta: 5
Titanium (Ti)	-	0.2 Max	-	-	-	0.7 Max	-	-	-	7440-32-6	XR1700000	Total Oxide Dust: 15	Total Oxide: 10
Tungsten (W)	0.5 Max	3 Max	3	1 Max	4	-	-	=	1	7440-33-7	Y07175000	None	Insoluble Compounds, as W: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴ Soluble Compounds, as W: 1 (STEL: 3) ⁴
Vanadium (V)	-	0.2 Max	0.35 Max	-	0.35 Max	-	-	-	-	7440-62-2	YW1355000	Respirable 6 Dust, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.5 Ceiling Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.1 Ceiling	Respirable Dust & Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.05 ⁶
Yttrium (Y)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	7440-65-5		1	Metal and Compounds, as Y: 1
Zirconium (Zr)	-	0.01 Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-67-7	ZH7070000	Compounds, as Zr: 5	Metal and Compounds, as Zr: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴
Density (lb/cu in)	0.333	0.333	0.314	0.311	0.321	0.312	0.307	0.319	0.288			See Section	on 16 for Footnotes
Melting Point (° F)	~2425	~2500	~2480	~2450	~2375	~2445	~2400	~2450	~2100				

NOMINAL PERCENT OF	ELEMENTAL CON NO	NSTITUENTS FOR T	THE ALLOYS SHOWN OF ELEMENTAL CONS	(HAYNES METAL NUN TITUENTS FOR THE A	MBER, IF APPLICAB ALLOYS SHOWN (H	LE, SHOWN IN PA	ARENTHESIS MBER, IF APPLI	S) CAS NUMBER CABLE.				EXPOSURE	E LIMITS (as Mg/m³) ²
Constituent(s)	G-30 Alloy N06030	@ G-50 Alloy N06950	G-3 Alloy N06985	G-35 Alloy N06035	N Alloy N10003	ULTIMET Alloy R31233	600 Alloy N06600	601 Alloy N06601	690 Alloy N06690	CAS NUMBER	NIOSH ¹ RTECS NUMBER	OSHA PEL ³	ACGIH TLV®-TWA ⁴
Aluminum (AI)*	-	0.4 Max	-	0.4 Max	=	-	0.35 Max	1.4	-	7429-90-5	BD0330000	Total Dust, as Al: 15, Respirable Dust, as Al: 5 ⁶	Oxide Fume, as Al: 10
Aluminum (AI)+ Titanium (Ti)	-	=	-	-	0.5 Max	-	-	÷	-	see Al & Ti	see Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti
Boron (B)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-42-8	ED7350000	Metal: None Oxide Dust Total: 15	Metal: None Oxide Dust Total: 10
Columbium (Cb) Niobium (Nb)	0.8	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-03-1	None	None	None
Columbium (Cb) +Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	0.5 Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	see Cb & Ta	see Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta
Cobalt (Co)*	5 Max	2.5 Max	5 Max	<1	0.2 Max	54	2 Max	-	-	7440-48-4	GF8750000	Metal, Dust & Fume, as Co: 0.1	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Co: 0.02
Chromium (Cr)*	30	20	22	33.2	7	26	15.5	23	29	7440-47-3	GB4200000	Metal and Insoluble Salts, as Cr: 1 (II & III) Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Cr. VI Compounds, as Cr. 0.005	Metal and Cr: III Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Water-Soluble Cr VI Compounds as Cr: 0.05 Insoluble Cr VI Compounds, as Cr: 0.01
Copper (Cu)*	2 Max	0.5 Max	2	0.3 Max	0.35 Max	-	0.5 Max	1 Max	0.5 Max	7440-50-8	GL5325000	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1; Fume, as Cu: 0.1	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1; Fume: 0.2
Iron (Fe)	15	17	19.5	2 Max	4 Max	3	8	12	9	7439-89-6	NO4565500	Oxide Fume: 10	Oxide Dust and Fume, as Fe: 5
Lanthanum (La)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7439-91-0	None	None	None
Manganese (Mn)*	1.5 Max	<1	<1	0.5 Max	0.8 Max	0.8	<1	1 Max	0.5 Max	7439-96-5	OO9275000	Compounds & Fume, as Mn: 5 Ceiling	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Mn: 0.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	5.5	9	7	8.1	16	5	-	1	-	7439-98-7	QA4680000	Soluble Compounds and Total Dusts, as Mo: 5	Metal and Insoluble Compounds, as Mo: 10 ⁵ , 3 ⁶ Soluble Compounds, as Mo: 0.5 ⁶
Nickel (Ni)*	43	50 min	44	58	71	9	72 Min	61	58 Min	7440-02-0	QR5950000	Metal, Soluble & Insoluble Compounds, as Ni: 1	Metal, Inhalable: 1.5 ⁵ Insoluble Compounds: as Ni 0.2 ⁵ Soluble Compounds: as Ni 0.1 ⁵
Silicon (Si)	0.8 Max	<1	<1	0.6 Max	<1	0.3	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	7440-21-3	VW0400000	Total Dust: 15 Respirable Dust: 5 ⁶	None
Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3 Max	1	-	7440-25-7		Metal & Oxide Dust: 5	Metal & Oxide Dust, as Ta: 5
Titanium (Ti)	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-	ī	-	7440-32-6	XR1700000	Total Oxide Dust: 15	Total Oxide: 10
Tungsten (W)	2.5	<1	1.5 Max	0.6 Max	0.5 Max	2	-	-	-	7440-33-7	Y07175000	None	Insoluble Compounds, as W: 5 (STEL: 10) Soluble Compounds, as W: 1 (STEL: 3)
Vanadium (V)	-	=	-	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	-	-	-	-	7440-62-2		Respirable 6 Dust, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.5 Ceiling Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.1 Ceiling	Respirable Dust & Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.05 ⁶
Yttrium (Y)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-65-5		1	Metal and Compounds, as Y: 1
Zirconium (Zr)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-67-7	ZH7070000	Compounds, as Zr: 5	Metal and Compounds, as Zr: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴
Density (lb/cu in)	0.297	0.301	0.300	0.297	0.320	0.306	0.304	0.291	0.296		1		

3. COMP	OSITIO	V/INFO	RMATI	ON ON I	NGRED	DIENTS								
NOMINAL PERCENT	OF ELEMENTAL (CONSTITUENTS NAL PERCENT O	FOR THE ALLO' F ELEMENTAL (YS SHOWN (HAYNES CONSTITUENTS FOR	S METAL NUMBER THE ALLOYS SH	R, IF APPLICABLE, S IOWN (HAYNES MEA	HOWN IN PARENT AL NUMBER, IF APPI	THESIS) CAS I LICABLE.	NUMBER		1	EXPOSUR	E LIMITS (as Mg/m³) ²	
Constituent(s)	S Alloy N06635	X Alloy N06002	W Alloy N10004	HR-120 Alloy N08120	HR-160 Alloy N12160	® 214 Alloy N07214	230 Alloy N06230	242 Alloy (8422)	8 556 Alloy R30556	CAS NUMBER	NIOSH ¹ RTECS NUMBER	OSHA PEL ³	ACGIH TLV®-TWA 4	
Aluminum (AI)*	0.25	0.5 Max	-	0.1	0.4 Max	4.5	0.3	0.5 Max	0.2	7429-90-5	BD0330000	Total Dust, as Al: 15, Respirable Dust, as Al: 5 ⁶	OXIDE Fume, as Al: 10	
Aluminum (AI)+ Titanium (TI)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	see Al & Ti	see Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	
Boron (B)	0.015 Max	0.008 Max	-	0.004	-	0.01 Max	0.015 Max	0.006 Max	0.02	7440-42-8	ED7350000	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 15	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 10	
Columbium (Cb) Niobium (Nb)	-	0.5 Max	-	0.7	<1	0.15 Max	0.5 Max	-	0.3 Max	7440-03-1	None	None	None	
Columbium (Cb) +Tantalum (Ta)	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	see Cb & Ta	see Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	
Cobalt (Co)*	2 Max	1.5	2.5 Max	3 Max	29	2 Max	5 Max	<1	18	7440-48-4	GF8750000	Metal, Dust & Fume, as Co: 0.1	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Co: 0.02	
Chromium (Cr)*	16	22	5	25	28	16	22	8	22	7440-47-3	GB4200000	Metal and Insoluble Salts, as Cr: 1 (II & III) Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Cr VI Compounds, as Cr. 0.005	Metal and Cr: III Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Water-Soluble Cr VI Compounds as Cr: 0.05 Insoluble Cr VI Compounds, as Cr: 0.01	
Copper (Cu)*	0.35 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	-	0.5 Max	0.5 Max	-	7440-50-8	GL5325000	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1 Fume, as Cu: 0.1	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1 Fume: 0.2	
Iron (Fe)	3 Max	18	6	33	2 Max	3	3 Max	2 Max	31	7439-89-6	NO4565500	Oxide Fume: 10	Oxide Dust and Fume, as Fe: 5	
Lanthanum (La)	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	-	0.02	7439-91-0	None	None	None	
Manganese (Mn)*	0.5	<1	<1	0.7	0.5	0.5 Max	0.5	0.8 Max	<1	7439-96-5	OO9275000	Compounds & Fume, as Mn: 5 Ceiling	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Mn: 0.2	
Molybdenum (Mo)	15	9	24	<1	<1	0.5 Max	2	25	3	7439-98-7	QA4680000	Soluble Compounds and Total Dusts, as Mo: 5	Metal and Insoluble Compounds, as Mo: 3 6 , 10 5 Soluble Compounds, as Mo: 0.5 6	
Nickel (Ni)*	67	47	63	37	37	75	57	65	20	7440-02-0	QR5950000	Metal, Soluble & Insoluble Compounds, as Ni: 1	Metal, Inhalable: 1.5 ⁵ Insoluble Compounds: as Ni 0.2 ⁵ Soluble Compounds: as Ni 0.1 ⁵	
Silicon (Si)	0.4	<1	<1	0.6	2.75	0.2 Max	0.4	0.8 Max	0.4	7440-21-3	VW0400000	Total Dust: 15; Respirable Dust: 5 6	None	
Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	7440-25-7		Metal & Oxide Dust: 5	Metal & Oxide Dust, as Ta: 5	
Titanium (Ti)	-	0.15 Max	-	0.2 Max	0.5	0.5 Max	0.1 Max	-	i	7440-32-6	XR1700000	Total Oxide Dust: 15	Total Oxide: 10	
Tungsten (W)	<1	0.6	<1	0.5 Max	<1	0.5 Max	14	-	2.5	7440-33-7	Y07175000	None	Insoluble Compounds, as W: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴ Soluble Compounds, as W: 1 (STEL: 3) ⁴	
Vanadium (V)	-	-	0.6 Max	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-62-2	YW1355000	Respirable ⁶ Dust, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.5 Ceiling Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.1 Ceiling	Respirable Dust & Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.05 ⁶	
Yttrium (Y)	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	7440-65-5		1	Metal and Compounds, as Y: 1	
Zirconium (Zr)	-	-	-	-	-	0.1 Max	-	-	0.02	7440-67-6	ZH7070000	Compounds, as Zr: 5	Metal and Compounds, as Zr: 5 (STEL: 10) 4	
D " (II / 1)	0.21/	0.007	0.205	0.001	0.000	0.201	0.224	0.227	0.007					
Density (lb/cu in)	0.316	0.297	0.325	0.291	0.292	0.291	0.324	0.327	0.297			See Section 16 for Footnotes.		
Melting Point (°F)	~2435	~2300	~2350	~2375	~2360	~2475	~2375	~2350	~2425					

IOMINAL PERCENT OF ELE	MENTAL CONSTIT	UENTS FOR THE A	LLOYS SHOWN (HAY	'NES METAL NUMBI OR THE ALLOYS SH	ER, IF APPLICABLE, S	SHOWN IN PARENT	HESIS) CAS NU	MBER			EXPOSU	RE LIMITS (as Mg/m³) ²
nstituent(s)	25 Alloy R30605	75 Alloy (2076)	188 Alloy R30188	NS-163 Alloy (1630)	263 Alloy N07263	625 Alloy N06625	718 Alloy N07718	R-41 Alloy N07041	CAS NUMBER	NIOSH ¹ RTECS NUMBER	OSHA PEL ³	ACGIH TLV®-TWA 4
Aluminum (AI)*	-	0.4 Max	-	0.5 Max	0.6 Max	0.4 Max	0.5	1.5	7429-90-5	BD0330000	Total Dust, as Al: 15, Respirable Dust, as Al: 5 ⁶	Oxide Fume, as Al: 10
Aluminum (AI)+ Titanium (Ti)	-	-	-	-	2.6	-	-	-	see Al & Ti	see Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti
Boron (B)	-	-	0.015	0.015 Max	0.005 Max	-	0.004	0.006	7440-42-8	ED7350000	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 15	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 10
Columbium (Cb) Niobium (Nb)	-	-	-	1	-			-	7440-03-1	None	None	None
Columbium (Cb) +Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	1	-	-	3.7	5	1	see Cb & Ta	see Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta
Cobalt (Co)*	51	-	39	40	20	<1	<1	11	7440-48-4	GF8750000	Metal, Dust & Fume, as Co: 0.1	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Co: 0.02
Chromium (Cr)*	20	20	22	28	20	21	18	19	7440-47-3	GB4200000	Metal and Insoluble Salts, as Cr: 1 (II & III) Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Cr VI Compounds, as Cr. 0.005	Metal and Cr. III Compounds, as Cr. 0.5 Water-Soluble Cr VI Compounds as Cr. 0.05 Insoluble Cr VI Compounds, as Cr. 0.01
Copper (Cu)*	-	0.5 Max	,	-	0.2 Max	0.5 Max	0.1 Max	1	7440-50-8	GL5325000	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1 Fume, as Cu: 0.1	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1 Fume: 0.2
Iron (Fe)	3 Max	5 Max	3 Max	21	0.7 Max	5 Max	19	5 Max	7439-89-6	NO4565500	Oxide Fume: 10	Oxide Dust and Fume, as Fe: 5
Lanthanum (La)	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	7439-91-0	None	None	None
Manganese (Mn)*	1.5	<1	1.25 Max	0.5 Max	0.4	0.5 Max	0.35 Max	0.1 Max	7439-96-5	OO9275000	Compounds & Fume, as Mn: 5 Ceiling	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Mn: 0.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	<1	-	-	-	6	9	3	10	7439-98-7	QA4680000	Soluble Compounds and Total Dusts, as Mo: 5	Insoluble Compounds, as Mo: 3 6, 10 5 Soluble Compounds, as Mo: 0.5 6
Nickel (Ni)*	10	76	22	8	52	62	52	52	7440-02-0	QR5950000	Metal, Soluble & Insoluble Compounds, as Ni: 1	Metal, Inhalable: 1.5 ⁵ Insoluble Compounds: as Ni 0.2 ⁵ Soluble Compounds: as Ni 0.1 ⁵
Silicon (Si)	0.4 Max	<1	0.35	0.5 Max	0.2	0.5 Max	0.35 Max	0.5 Max	7440-21-3	VW0400000	Total Dust: 15; Respirable Dust: 5 6	None
Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	-	-	-			-	7440-25-7		Metal & Oxide Dust: 5	Metal & Oxide Dust, as Ta: 5
Titanium (Ti)	-	0.4	-	1.3	2.4 Max	0.4 Max	0.9	3.1	7440-32-6	XR1700000	Total Oxide Dust: 15	Total Oxide: 10
Tungsten (W)	15	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	7440-33-7	Y0715000	None	Insoluble Compounds, as W: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴ Soluble Compounds, as W: 1 (STEL: 3) ⁴
Vanadium (V)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-62-2	YW1355000	Respirable Dust as V_2O_5 : 0.5 6 Ceiling Fume, as V_2O_5 : 0.1 Ceiling	Respirable Dust & Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.05 ⁶
Yttrium (Y)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-65-5		1	Metal and Compounds, as Y: 1
Zirconium (Zr)	-	-	-	-	0.04 Max	-	-	0.07 Max	7440-67-6	ZH7070000	Compounds, as Zr: 5	Metal and Compounds, as Zr: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴
Density (lb/cu in)	0.330	0.302	0.324	0.305?	0.302	0.305	0.297	0.298			0.0.1.4/6.5.4.4	
Melting Point (° F)	~2425	~2445	~2400	~2350	~2370	~2350	~2300	~2385			See 26	ection 16 for Footnotes.

NOMINAL PERCENT OF ELI PERCENT OF ELEMENTAL	EMENTAL CONSTIT	UENTS FOR TI OR THE ALLOY:	HE ALLOYS SH S SHOWN (HAY	OWN (HAYNI /NES MEAL N	ES METAL NUMBER, I IUMBER, IF APPLICAL	IF APPLICABLE, SHOWN I BLE.	N PAREN-THESIS) CAS NU	MBER NOMINAL		NIOSH1	EXPOSU	RE LIMITS (as Mg/m³) ²	
Constituent(s)	X-750 Alloy N07750	6-B Alloy R30006	80A Alloy N07080	B Alloy N10001	Waspaloy Alloy N07001	MULTIMET Alloy R30155	282 [®] Alloy (2082)	617 Alloy N06617	CAS NUMBER	RTECS NUMBER	OSHA PEL ³	ACGIH TLV®-TWA 4	
Aluminum (AI)*	0.8	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	1.5	1.2	7429-90-5	BD0330000	Total Dust, as Al: 15,; Respirable Dust, as Al: 5 6	Oxide Fume, as Al: 10	
Aluminum (AI)+ Fitanium (Ti)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	see Al & Ti	see Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	
Boron (B)	-	-	0.008 Max	-	0.006	-	0.005	0.006 Max	7440-42-8	ED7350000	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 15	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 10	
Columbium (Cb) Niobium (Nb)		=	-	-	-	-	0.2 Max	0.08	7440-03-1	None	None	None	
Columbium (Cb) +Tantalum (Ta)	<1	-	-	-	-	<1	-	-	see Cb & Ta	see Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	
Cobalt (Co)*	<1	58	2 Max	2.5 Max	13.5	20	10	12.5	7440-48-4	GF8750000	Metal, Dust & Fume, as Co: 0.1	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Co: 0.02	
Chromium (Cr)*	16	30	19.5	<1	19	21	19	22	7440-47-3	GB4200000	Metal and Insoluble Salts, as Cr: 1 (II & III) Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Cr VI Compounds, as Cr. 0.005	Metal and Cr: III Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Water-Soluble Cr VI Compounds as Cr: 0.05 Insoluble Cr VI Compounds, as Cr: 0.01	
Copper (Cu)*	0.5 Max	-	0.2 Max	0.15 Max	0.1 Max	0.5 Max	0.1 Max	0.5 Max	7440-50-8	GL5325000	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1; Fume, as Cu: 0.1	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1; Fume: 0.2	
lron (Fe)	8	3 Max	1.5 Max	5	2 Max	30	1.5 Max	2 Max	7439-89-6	NO4565500	Oxide Fume: 10	Oxide Dust and Fume, as Fe: 5	
_anthanum (La)	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7439-91-0	None	None	None	
Manganese (Mn)*	0.35 Max	1.4	0.4 Max	<1	0.1 Max	1.5	0.3 Max	0.5 Max	7439-96-5	OO9275000	Compounds & Fume, as Mn: 5 Ceiling	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Mn: 0.2	
Molybdenum (Mo)	-	1.5 Max	-	28	4.3	3	8.5	9	7439-98-7	QA4680000	Soluble Compounds and Total Dusts, as Mo: 5	Metal and Insoluble Compounds, as Mo:36; 10 5 Soluble Compounds, as Mo: 0.56	
Nickel (Ni)*	70 Min	2.5	74	67	58	20	58	52	7440-02-0	QR5950000	Metal, Soluble & Insoluble Compounds, as Ni: 1	Metal, Inhalable: 1.5 ⁵ Insoluble Compounds: as Ni 0.2 ⁵ Soluble Compounds: as Ni 0.1 ⁵	
Silicon (Si)	0.35 Max	0.7	0.8 Max	<1	0.15 Max	<1	0.15 Max	1.2 Max	7440-21-3	VW0400000	Total Dust: 15; Respirable Dust: 5 6	None	
antalum (Ta)		-	-	-	-	-	0.1 Max	-	7440-25-7		Metal & Oxide Dust: 5	Metal & Oxide Dust, as Ta: 5	
Titanium (Ti)	2.5	-	2.4	-	3	-	2.1	0.3	7440-32-6	XR1700000	Total Oxide Dust: 15	Total Oxide: 10	
ungsten (W)	-	4	-	-	-	2.5	0.5 Max	-	7440-33-7	YO7175000	None	Insoluble Compounds, as W: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴ Soluble Compounds, as W: 1 (STEL: 3) ⁴	
/anadium (V)	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-	7440-62-2	YW1355000	Respirable Dust, as V_2O_5 : 0.5 6 Ceiling Fume, as V_2O_5 : 0.1 Ceiling	Respirable Dust & Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.05 ⁶	
/ttrium (Y)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7440-65-5		1	Metal and Compounds, as Y: 1	
irconium (Zr)	-		-	-	0.05	-	-	-	7440-67-6	ZH7070000	Compounds, as Zr: 5	Metal and Compounds, as Zr: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴	
Density (lb/cu in)	0.298	0.303	0.295`	0.334	0.296	0.296	0.299	0.302				No. 17. 6 - 5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Melting Point (° F)	~2540	~2310	~2480	~2375	~2425	~2350	~2370	~2430			See Section 16 for Footnotes.		

NOMINAL PERCENT OF ELEME	NTAL CONSTITUENTS I PERCENT OF ELEME	FOR THE ALLOY:	S SHOWN (HAYNES N	METAL NUMBER, IF A	PPLICABLE, SHOWN	IN PARENTHESIS) CA	S NUMBER NOMINAL			EXPOSUR	E LIMITS (as Mg/m³) ²
Constituent(s)	625SQ Alloy N06626	GTD 222 Alloy (2220)	625 (Low Iron) Alloy (2653)	HR-224 TM Alloy (2224)	S MEAL NOMBER, II 7	I I LIVAULL.		CAS NUMBER	NIOSH ¹ RTECS NUMBER	OSHA PEL ³	ACGIH TLV®-TWA 4
Aluminum (AI)*	0.4 Max	1.3	0.4 Max.	3.8				7429-90-5	BD0330000	Total Dust, as Al: 15, Respirable Dust, as Al: 5 ⁶	Oxide Fume, as Al: 10
Aluminum (AI)+ Titanium (Ti)	-	-	-	-				see Al & Ti	see Al & Ti	See Al & Ti	See Al & Ti
Boron (B)	-	0.004	-	0.004 Max				7440-42-8	ED7350000	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 15	Metal: None; Oxide Dust Total: 10
Columbium (Cb) Niobium (Nb)	3.6	0.8	-	0.15 Max				7440-03-1	None	None	None
Columbium (Cb) +Tantalum (Ta)	-	-	3.7					see Cb & Ta	see Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta	See Cb & Ta
Cobalt (Co)*	<1	19	<1	2 Max				7440-48-4	GF8750000	Metal, Dust & Fume, as Co: 0.1	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Co: 0.02
Chromium (Cr)*	21.5	22.5	21	20				7440-47-3	GB4200000	Metal and Insoluble Salts, as Cr: 1 (II & III) Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Cr VI Compounds, as Cr. 0.005	Metal and Cr: III Compounds, as Cr: 0.5 Water-Soluble Cr VI Compounds as Cr: 0.05 Insoluble Cr VI Compounds, as Cr: 0.01
Copper (Cu)*	0.5 Max	0.1 Max	0.5 Max.					7440-50-8	GL5325000	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1; Fume, as Cu: 0.1	Dust & Mists, as Cu: 1; Fume: 0.2
Iron (Fe)	5 Max	<1	0.75 Max.	27.5				7439-89-6	NO4565500	Oxide Fume: 10	Oxide Dust and Fume, as Fe: 5
Lanthanum (La)	-	-	-	0.01 Max				7439-91-0	None	None	None
Manganese (Mn)*	0.5 Max	0.1 Max	0.5 Max.	0.5 Max				7439-96-5	OO9275000	Compounds & Fume, as Mn: 5 Ceiling	Elemental and Inorganic Compounds, as Mn: 0.2
Molybdenum (Mo)	9	<1	9	0.5 Max				7439-98-7	QA4680000	Soluble Compounds and Total Dusts, as Mo: 5	Metal and Insoluble Compounds, as Mo: 36; 10 5 Soluble Compounds, as Mo: 0.56
Nickel (Ni)*	62	50	62	47				7440-02-0	QR5950000	Metal, Soluble & Insoluble Compounds, as Ni: 1	Metal, Inhalable: 1.5 ⁵ Insoluble Compounds: as Ni 0.2 ⁵ Soluble Compounds: as Ni 0.1 ⁵
Silicon (Si)	0.15 Max	0.25 Max	0.5 Max.	0.3				7440-21-3	VW0400000	Total Dust: 15; Respirable Dust: 5 6	None
Tantalum (Ta)	0.05 Max	1	-					7440-25-7		Metal & Oxide Dust: 5	Metal & Oxide Dust, as Ta: 5
Titanium (Ti)	0.4 Max	2.3	0.4 Max.	0.3				7440-32-6	XR1700000	Total Oxide Dust: 15	Total Oxide: 10
Tungsten (W)	-	2	-	0.5 Max				7440-33-7	YO7175000	None	Insoluble Compounds, as W: 5 (STEL: 10) ⁴ Soluble Compounds, as W: 1 (STEL: 3) ⁴
Vanadium (V)	-	-	-					7440-62-2	YW1355000	Respirable Dust, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.5 ⁶ Ceiling Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.1 Ceiling	Respirable Dust & Fume, as V ₂ O ₅ : 0.05
Yttrium (Y)	-	-	-					7440-65-5		1	Metal and Compounds, as Y: 1
Zirconium (Zr)	-	-	-	0.025 Max				7440-67-6	ZH7070000	Compounds, as Zr: 5	Metal and Compounds, as Zr: 5 (STEL: 10) 4
Density (lb/cu in)	0.305	0.298	0.305	0.280						00.	otion 1/ for Footnotes
Melting Point (° F)	~2350	~2430	~2350	~2480						See See	ction 16 for Footnotes.

4. FIRST AID MEASUF	RES		
INHALATION	Breathing difficulty caused by inhalation of dust or fume requires removal to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance at once.		
INGESTION	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact a poison control center. Unle the poison control center advises otherwise, have that conscious person drink 1 to 2 glasses of water to dilute. Inducement of vomiting is not necessary unless large amounts are ingested. Obtain medical assistance at once.		
SKIN	Skin cuts and abrasions can be treated by standard first aid. Quickly remove contaminated clothing but do not shake clothing. Skin contamination with dust or powder can be removed by washing with soap and water. If irritation or reddened, blistered skin occurs, obtain medical assistance.		
EYES	Do not allow victim to rub or keep eyes tightly shut. Dust or powder should be flushed from the eyes with copious amounts of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, obtain medical assistance.		
5. FIRE FIGHTING ME	ASURES		
FLASH POINT (WITH T	TEST METHOD) FLAMMABLE (EXPLOSIVE) LIMITS V/V% None LEL: None UEL: None		
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	These alloys in solid wrought form are noncombustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire.		
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES	To extinguish a metal powder fire use dry sand, dry graphite or other class "D" fire extinguishing powder.		
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	No unusual fire or explosion hazards from alloys in solid wrought form. Dust created by grinding of similar processes can ignite only if a substantial number of small particles are dispersed in an enclosed space, such as a dust collector.		
HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUC	Various metal oxides, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.		
6. ACCIDENTAL MATI	ERIAL RELEASE OR SPILL CONTROL MEASURES		
safety personnel. Clean-up s system. Caution should be to Cleanup personnel should pro materials collected in waste of	ses no special clean-up problems. If this material is in powder or dust form, do not dry sweep. Notify should be conducted with a vacuum system utilizing a high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filtration aken to minimize airborne generation of powder or dust and avoid contamination of air and water. otect against dust inhalation and skin or eye contact. Use non-sparking tools. Properly label all container. Follow applicable OSHA regulations (29 CFR 1910.120). (Emergency Response), Canadian ials Information System (HMIS) Regulations, and EEC Directives.		
7. HANDLING AND ST	ORAGE		
HANDLING PRECAUTIONS	This product must be handled according to the size, shape and quantity of material involved. Powders should be moved or transported to minimize spill or release potential. Avoid dust inhalation and eye or skin contact. Wear personal protective equipment to prevent contact with skin and eyes (Section 8). Practice good housekeeping techniques that minimize accumulation of dust. Practice good personal hygiene after handling dust or powder forms of this material, especially before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.		
STORAGE PRECAUTIONS	In solid form this material poses no special problems. Store metal powder in a dry area away from heat, ignition sources, and incompatibles (Section 10).		
8. EXPOSURE CONTR PROTECTION	ROLS/PERSONAL THE INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE CONTROL MEASURES GIVEN IN MSDS HW-7031 FOR WELDING PRODUCTS AND THERMAL SPRAY WIRE ALSO APPLY		
	Local exhaust ventilation should be used to control exposure to airborne dust and fume emissions near the source (during crushing, grinding, welding, etc.) below the exposure limits cited in Section 3.		

H2071-8 Page 11 of 15

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)				
Use NIOSH approved respirators as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or qualified Safety Professional. Lung function tests are recommended for users of negative pressure devices. Use a fume respirator or an air supplied respirator where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below the exposure limits for air contamination.				
Wear safety glasses when risk of eye injury is present particularly during machining, grinding, welding, powder handling, etc. Contact lenses should not be worn if working with metal dusts and powders.				
Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions particularly during handling of wrought forms, solid metal sheet, strip, or tube. Protective clothing such as uniforms, disposable coveralls, safety shoes, etc., may be required during metal handling operations as appropriate to the circumstances of exposure.				
ENVIRONMENTAL SURVEILLANCE: Exposure to the elements identified in Section 3 can be best determined by having air samples taken in the employee breathing zone, work area, or department. MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE: Lung function tests, identified in Section 2 can be determined by chest x-rays and routine physical examinations may be useful to determine effects of dust or fume exposure. Specific medical tests to be performed should be determined by a consulting physician.				
9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES				
	VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg): Not Applicable			
	VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): Not Applicable			
	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): See Section 3			
	SOLUBILITY IN WATER = None			
Not	% VOLATILES BY VOLUME: None			
LOR:	Solid - Silver Gray Color or No Color			
REAC	CTIVITY			
	These alloys are stable materials.			
)	The corrosion-resistant alloys were designed for use in, and possess outstanding resistance to, mineral acids. To a lesser extent, the high temperature alloys also withstand these acids. Be aware, however, that if corrosion does occur, hydrogen might be evolved, causing a potentially explosive environment in confined, closed systems.			
	Various elemental metals and metal oxides may be generated from welding, cutting, grinding, melting, or dross handling operations. Refer to Section 3 for permissible exposure limits. The permissible exposure limits given in MSDS HW-7031 for Welding Products and Thermal Spray Wire also apply.			
NS	Does not occur.			
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
	Eye: Rabbit (cobalt) unknown amount produced severe reaction with abscess involving lens, cilary body, vitreous humor and retina.			
Skin: No data.				
Ing	gestion: Guinea Pig (nickel): LD _{Lo} : 5 mg/kg Rat (cobalt): LD ₅₀ : 6171 mg/kg Rabbit (cobalt)): LD ₅₀ : 750 mg/kg Human (copper): TD _{Lo} : 120 μg/kg affects the gastrointestinal tract (nausea or vomiting). Human (chromium): LD _{Lo} : 71 mg/kg			
	Use N Lung an air limits Wear powde Wear metal may b ENVII detern MEDI chest expos HEMI Not LOR: REAC Sk			

H2071-8 Page 12 of 15

11. TOXICOLOGICAL I	1. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)						
TOXICITY DATA	Inhalation:	Rabbit (nickel): TC _{Lo} : 130 μg/m³ 35 weeks (intermittent) - 6 hours Human (chromium VI): TC _{Lo} : 110 μg/m³ 3 years (continuous) tumorigenic (carcinogenic per RTECS) Pig (cobalt): TC _{Lo} : 100 μg/m³/6 hours for 13 weeks (intermittant) Human (manganese): TC _{Lo} : 2300 μg/m³					
	Subchronic:	Rat (molybdenum) inhalation: 12-16 g/m ³ /1 hour/30 days, resulted in slight growth depression, and thickening of the intraaveolar septa, which contained connective tissue fibers.					
	Other:	Dog (nickel) Intravenous: LD_{Lo} : 10 mg/kg Rat (chromium), Implant: TD_{Lo} : 1200 µg/kg intermittent over 6 weeks. Rat (cobalt) intramuscular: 126 mg/kg, tumorigenic at site of application. Rabbit (molybdenum) intratracheal: LD_{Lo} : 70 mg/kg produced focal fibrosis (pneumoconiosis).					
	Nickel alloys and hexavalent chromium compounds are listed as carcinogens by IARC. Detailed information from these sources may be obtained from the following: IARC Monographs on the evaluation of carcinogenic risk of Chemicals to Man; and the NTP annual report on carcinogens, NTP Public Information Office, MD B204 Box 12233, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.						
	Welding Fumes - OSHA requires that welding fumes be considered as carcinogens because they are so classified by NIOSH.						
	Teratology:	Rat (nickel) oral: TDLo: 158 mg/kg Rat (molybdenum) oral: 5800 µg/kg given to female 30 weeks prior to mating and during days 1-20 of pregnancy caused specific musculoskeletal system development abnormalities.					
	Reproduction:	Rat (molybdenum) oral: $6050 \mu g/kg$ given to female 35 weeks prior to mating produced pre-, and post-implantation mortality. Rat (cobalt) unspecified exposure route, $0.05 \mu g/kg$ continuous, administered throughout gestation to female was embryotoxic.					
	Mutagenicity:	Hamster (chromium III) lung cell: 34 mg/L caused sister chromatid exchange. Human (cobalt) DNA damage: Human Leukocyte 3mg/L. Human (Chromium VI) DNA damage: Human Leukocyte 50µmol/L.					

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

In solid form these alloys pose no special environmental problems. Metal powders or dusts may have significant impact on air and water quality. Airborne emissions, spills, and releases to the environment (discharge to streams, sewer systems, surface soil, etc.) should be controlled immediately.

Ecotoxicity: Few plants accumulate cobalt at greater than 100 ppm, the level at which severe phytoxicity would occur. There is little tendency for chromium III bioaccumulation along the food chain. Terrestrial plants can contain enough molybdenum to be toxic to animals but still grow normally.

Molybdenum; (fathead minnow), LC₅₀: 370 mg/L/96 hours. Terrestrial plants can contain enough molybdenum to be toxic to animals but still grow normally.

Environmental Fate: In water, cobalt is adsorbed greatly to hydrolysate or oxidate sediments. It may be taken into solution in small amounts through bacteriological activity. In water, molybdenum will precipitate out with natural calcium. In water, chromium III oxide is expected to eventually precipitate to sediments. In air, chromium III oxide is primarily removed by fallout and precipitation. Soils with a high chromium content (>0.2%) are expected to be infertile. The half-life of chromium in soils may be several years. Manganese undergoes complex geochemical cycling, and can accumulate in the top layer of sediment in lakes. In water, molybdenum will precipitate out with natural calcium. Soil levels should not exceed 50 ppm to avoid problems with livestock.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Whenever possible, recover alloys for reuse or recycling. If necessary, dispose of waste material in accordance with local, state, or federal regulations. For specific labeling, packing, storage, transportation, and disposal procedures, contact an Environmental Engineer or consultant familiar with waste disposal regulations.

H2071-8 Page 13 of 15

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION					
SHIPPING NAME	Not Applicable.				
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	Not Applicable				
HAZARD CLASS	Not Applicable				
LABEL(S) REQUIRED	Not Applicable				
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION					
U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS	OSHA : Listed as air contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000). Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).				
	TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act): Components of this material are listed on the TSCA inventory. CERCLA: Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 302.4): Chromium, Copper, Nickel Extremely Hazardous Substance (40 CFR 355): Not Listed				
	SARA HAZARD CATEGORY: Listed below are the hazard categories for Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III):				
	Immediate Hazard: X Delayed Hazard: X Fire Hazard: - Pressure Hazard: - Reactivity Hazard: - Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of SARA and 40 CFR Part 372: Aluminum (as a fume or dust), chromium, cobalt, copper, manganese, nickel.				
STATE REGULATIONS	California's "Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986" (Proposition 65) During welding, thermal cutting and melting these products may produce cobalt oxide, nickel compounds, and hexavalent chromium compounds which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. State of California, Health and Welfare Agency, 1600 Ninth Street, Room 450, Sacramento, CA 95914, Telephone (961) 455-6955. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right to Know: Aluminum, Chromium, and Vanadium (fume or dust) are designated environmental hazards on the Hazardous Substance List. Title 34, Part XIII, Chapter 323.				
EUROPEAN/ INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS	European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives The following hazard classification and risk phrases apply only to these products as a manufactured article. Classification: Not applicable. Canada WHIMS These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.				
	WHIMS Classification: Not applicable				

16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS STATUS

This MSDS replaces the April 6, 2009 revision. Several sections were renamed to be consistent with ANSI Z400.1-2003, and Sections 2 and 3 were revised.

The above information has been prepared by Shaw Environmental, Inc., under contract with Haynes International and is a compilation of information from various sources believed to be accurate. As the conditions or methods of use are beyond our control, we do not assume any responsibility and expressly disclaim any liability for any material described herein. Information contained herein is believed to be true and accurate, but all statements or suggestions are made without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding accuracy of the information, the hazards connected with the use of the material, or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Compliance with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws and regulations remain the responsibility of the user.

H2071-8 Page 14 of 15

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The following is the label text which accompanies this product during shipment:

DANGER!

INHALATION OF DUST OR FUME MAY CAUSE SERIOUS LUNG INJURY. SKIN, EYE, AND MUCOUS MEMBRANE IRRITATION MAY OCCUR.

- The products identified above may contain, in varying concentrations, the following elemental constituents: aluminum, cobalt, chromium, copper, iron, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, and tungsten. For specific concentrations of these and other elements present, refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product.
- Inhalation of metal dust or fume generated from welding, cutting, grinding, melting, or dross handling of these
 alloys may cause adverse health effects such as reduced lung function, nasal, and mucous membrane irritation.
 Exposure to dust or fume generated by the use of these alloys may also cause eye irritation, skin rash, and
 effects on other organ systems.
- Chromium and its compounds, cobalt and its compounds, and nickel and its compounds are classified as carcinogens by NTP and/or IARC.
- Avoid breathing dust of fume. If the use of this material produces dust or fume, use appropriate ventilation controls, personal protective equipment, or both. For additional information refer to the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS H2071 and H1072) for this product.
- NIOSH RTECS Number: The National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health (NIOSH) Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS) Access number for a specific element or compound's toxicological data.
- Mg/m³ = milligrams per cubic meter. Many substances do not have a unique exposure limit. The absence of an exposure limit does not lessen consideration for exposure risk. In the absence of specific information, professional judgment may be required.
- OSHA PEL: the Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) unless noted otherwise is an 8-hour time weighted average (TWA). Ceiling limits are listed for some materials that should not be exceeded at any time.
- ACGIH TLV[®]: The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV[®]) ACGIH also recommends a short term exposure limit (STEL) for certain substances (which are a 15-minute TWA) during the shift.
- Inhalable fraction of particulate see the ACGIH-TLV® booklet for a definition.
- Respirable fraction of particulate see the ACGIH-TLV® booklet for a definition.

H2071-8 Page 15 of 15